

CHAPTER 9

LINEAR EQUATIONS

1. Solve:

(i) $x + 2 = 6$

(ii) $x + 6 = 2$

(iii) $y + 8 = 5$

(iv) $x + 4 = -3$

(v) $y + 2 = -8$

Solution:

(i) $x + 2 = 6$

$$x = 6 - 2$$

We get,

$$x = 4$$

Hence, the value of x for $x + 2$ is 4

(ii) $x + 6 = 2$

$$x = 2 - 6$$

We get,

$$x = -4$$

Hence, the value of x for $x + 6 = 2$ is -4

(iii) $y + 8 = 5$

$$y = 5 - 8$$

We get,

$$y = -3$$

Hence, the value of y for $y + 8 = 5$ is -3

$$(iv) x + 4 = -3$$

$$x = -3 - 4$$

We get,

$$x = -7$$

Hence, the value of x for $x + 4 = -3$ is -7

$$(v) y + 2 = -8$$

$$y = -8 - 2$$

We get,

$$y = -10$$

Hence, the value of y for $y + 2 = -8$ is -10

2. Solve:

$$(i) x - 3 = 2$$

$$(ii) m - 2 = -5$$

$$(iii) b - 5 = 7$$

$$(iv) a - 2.5 = -4$$

$$(v) y - 3(1/2) = 6$$

Solution:

$$(i) x - 3 = 2$$

$$x = 2 + 3$$

We get,

$$x = 5$$

Therefore, the value of x for $x - 3 = 2$ is 5

$$(ii) m - 2 = - 5$$

$$m = - 5 + 2$$

We get,

$$m = - 3$$

Therefore, the value of m for $m - 2 = - 5$ is $- 3$

$$(iii) b - 5 = 7$$

$$b = 7 + 5$$

We get,

$$b = 12$$

Therefore, the value of b for $b - 5 = 7$ is 12

$$(iv) a - 2.5 = - 4$$

$$a = - 4 + 2.5$$

We get,

$$a = - 1.5$$

Therefore, the value of a for $(a - 2.5) = - 4$ is $- 1.5$

$$(v) y - 3 (1 / 2) = 6$$

This can be written as,

$$y - (7 / 2) = 6$$

$$y = 6 + (7 / 2)$$

$$y = (12 + 7) / 2$$

$$y = 19 / 2$$

$$y = 9\frac{1}{2}$$

Therefore, the value of y for $y - 3(1/2) = 6$ is $9\frac{1}{2}$

3. Solve:

(i) $3x = 12$

(ii) $2y = 9$

(iii) $5z = 8.5$

(iv) $2.5m = 7.5$

(v) $3.2p = 16$

Solution:

(i) $3x = 12$

$$x = 12 / 3$$

We get,

$$x = 4$$

Hence, the value of x for $3x = 12$ is 4

(ii) $2y = 9$

$$y = 9 / 2$$

We get,

$$y = 4.5$$

Hence, the value of y for $2y = 9$ is 4.5

(iii) $5z = 8.5$

$$z = 8.5 / 5$$

We get.

$$z = 1.7$$

Hence, the value of z for $5z = 8.5$ is 1.7

(iv) $2.5m = 7.5$

$$m = 7.5 / 2.5$$

We get,

$$m = 3$$

Hence, the value of m for $2.5m = 7.5$ is 3

(v) $3.2p = 16$

$$p = 16 / 3.2$$

$$p = (16 \times 10) / 32$$

$$p = 160 / 32$$

$$p = 5$$

Hence, the value of p for $3.2p = 16$ is 5

4. Solve:

(i) $x / 2 = 5$

(ii) $y / 3 = - 2$

(iii) $a / 5 = - 15$

(iv) $z / 4 = 3 (1 / 4)$

(v) $m / 6 = 2 (1 / 2)$

Solution:

(i) $x / 2 = 5$

$$x = 5 \times 2$$

We get,

$$x = 10$$

Hence, the value of x for $x / 2 = 5$ is 10

$$(ii) y / 3 = - 2$$

$$y = - 2 \times 3$$

We get,

$$y = - 6$$

Hence, the value of y for $y / 3 = - 2$ is $- 6$

$$(iii) a / 5 = - 15$$

$$a = - 15 \times 5$$

We get,

$$a = - 75$$

Hence, the value of a for $a / 5 = - 15$ is $- 75$

$$(iv) z / 4 = 3 (1 / 4)$$

This can be written as,

$$z / 4 = 13 / 4$$

$$z = 13 / 4 \times 4$$

We get,

$$z = 13$$

Hence, the value of z for $z / 4 = 3 (1 / 4)$ is 13

$$(v) m / 6 = 2 (1 / 2)$$

This can be written as,

$$m / 6 = 5 / 2$$

$$m = 5 / 2 \times 6$$

$$m = 5 \times 3$$

We get,

$$m = 15$$

Hence, the value of m for $m / 6 = 2 (1 / 2)$ is 15

5. Solve:

(i) $- 2x = 8$

(ii) $- 3.5y = 14$

(iii) $- 5z = 4$

(iv) $- 5 = a + 3$

(v) $2 = p + 5$

Solution:

(i) $- 2x = 8$

$$x = - 8 / 2$$

We get,

$$x = - 4$$

Therefore, the value of x for $- 2x = 8$ is $- 4$

(ii) $- 3.5y = 14$

$$y = - 14 / 3.5$$

We get,

$$y = - 4$$

Therefore, the value of y for $- 3.5y = 14$ is $- 4$

(iii) $- 5z = 4$

$$z = - 4 / 5$$

We get,

$$z = - 0.8$$

Therefore, the value of z for $- 5z = 4$ is $- 0.8$

$$(iv) - 5 = a + 3$$

$$- 5 - 3 = a$$

On calculating, we get

$$a = - 8$$

Therefore, the value of a for $- 5 = a + 3$ is $- 8$

$$(v) 2 = p + 5$$

$$2 - 5 = p$$

We get,

$$p = - 3$$

Therefore, the value of p for $2 = p + 5$ is $- 3$

6. Solve:

$$(i) 2x + 5 = 17$$

$$(ii) 3y - 2 = 1$$

$$(iii) 5p + 4 = 29$$

$$(iv) 4a - 3 = - 27$$

$$(v) 2z + 3 = - 19$$

Solution:

$$(i) 2x + 5 = 17$$

$$2x = 17 - 5$$

$$2x = 12$$

$$x = 12 / 2$$

We get,

$$x = 6$$

Therefore, the value of $x = 6$

$$(ii) 3y - 2 = 1$$

$$3y = 1 + 2$$

$$3y = 3$$

$$y = 3 / 3$$

We get,

$$y = 1$$

Therefore, the value of $y = 1$

$$(iii) 5p + 4 = 29$$

$$5p = 29 - 4$$

$$5p = 25$$

$$p = 25 / 5$$

We get,

$$p = 5$$

Therefore, the value of $p = 5$

$$(iv) 4a - 3 = - 27$$

$$4a = - 27 + 3$$

$$4a = - 24$$

$$a = - 24 / 4$$

We get,

$$a = - 6$$

Therefore, the value of $a = -6$

$$(v) 2z + 3 = -19$$

$$2z = -19 - 3$$

$$2z = -22$$

$$z = -22 / 2$$

We get,

$$z = -11$$

Therefore, the value of $z = -11$

7. Solve:

$$(i) x / 3 - 5 = 2$$

$$(ii) y / 2 - 3 = 8$$

$$(iii) z / 7 + 1 = 2 \ (1 / 2)$$

$$(iv) a / 2.4 - 5 = 2.4$$

$$(v) b / 1.6 + 3 = -2.5$$

Solution:

$$(i) x / 3 - 5 = 2$$

$$x / 3 = 2 + 5$$

$$x / 3 = 7$$

$$x = 7 \times 3$$

We get,

$$x = 21$$

Hence, the value of $x = 21$

$$(ii) y / 2 - 3 = 8$$

$$y / 2 = 8 + 3$$

$$y / 2 = 11$$

$$y = 11 \times 2$$

We get,

$$y = 22$$

Hence, the value of $y = 22$

$$(iii) z / 7 + 1 = 2 (1 / 2)$$

This can be written as,

$$z / 7 + 1 = 5 / 2$$

$$z / 7 = 5 / 2 - 1$$

$$z / 7 = (5 - 2) / 2$$

We get,

$$z / 7 = 3 / 2$$

$$z = (3 / 2) \times 7$$

On calculating, we get

$$z = 21 / 2$$

$$z = 10\frac{1}{2}$$

Hence, the value of $z =$

$$10\frac{1}{2}$$

$$(iv) a / 2.4 - 5 = 2.4$$

$$a / 2.4 = 2.4 + 5$$

$$a / 2.4 = 7.4$$

$$a = 7.4 \times 2.4$$

We get,

$$a = 17.76$$

Hence, the value of $a = 17.76$

$$(v) \ b / 1.6 + 3 = - 2.5$$

$$b / 1.6 = - 2.5 - 3$$

$$b / 1.6 = -5.5$$

$$b = - 5.5 \times 1.6$$

We get,

$$b = - 8.8$$

Hence, the value of $b = - 8.8$

8. Solve:

$$(i) \ - 8m - 2 = - 10$$

$$(ii) \ 4x + 2x = 3 + 5$$

$$(iii) \ 4x - x + 5 = 8$$

$$(iv) \ 6x + 2 = 2x + 10$$

$$(v) \ 18 - (2a - 12) = 8a$$

Solution:

$$(i) \ - 8m - 2 = - 10$$

$$- 8m = - 10 + 2$$

$$- 8m = - 8$$

$$m = - 8 / - 8$$

We get,

$$m = 1$$

Therefore, the value of $m = 1$

$$(ii) 4x + 2x = 3 + 5$$

$$6x = 8$$

$$x = 8 / 6$$

We get,

$$x = 4 / 3$$

$$x = 1\frac{1}{3}$$

Therefore, the value of $x =$

$$1\frac{1}{3}$$

$$(iii) 4x - x + 5 = 8$$

$$3x = 8 - 5$$

$$3x = 3$$

$$x = 3 / 3$$

We get,

$$x = 1$$

Therefore, the value of $x = 1$

$$(iv) 6x + 2 = 2x + 10$$

$$6x - 2x = 10 - 2$$

On further calculation, we get

$$4x = 8$$

$$x = 8 / 4$$

$$x = 2$$

Therefore, the value of $x = 2$

$$(v) 18 - (2a - 12) = 8a$$

$$18 - 2a + 12 = 8a$$

$$30 = 8a + 2a$$

$$30 = 10a$$

$$a = 30 / 10$$

We get,

$$a = 3$$

Therefore, the value of $a = 3$